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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/628,497		07/29/2003	Makoto Ogiso	116208	5054	
25944	7590	05/09/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
OLIFF & B		GE, PLC		GIMIE, MA	GIMIE, MAHMOUD	
P.O. BOX 19 ALEXANDE		22320		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,			3747		

DATE MAILED: 05/09/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Θ					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
Office Action Community	10/628,497	OGISO ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
The ASAU WOOD STEEL STATE	Mahmoud Gimie	3747						
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addi	ress -					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status	•							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ju	ıly 2003.							
_	action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the r	nerits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	vn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement							
	election requirement.							
Application Papers		·						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) \square objected to by the E	xaminer.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	on is required if the drawing(s) is objective.	ected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).					
i e	arniner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO	-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	•	(d) or (f).	•					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		d in this National St	age					
application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of								
and analysis dotained office action for a list (or the certified copies not received	1.						
Attachment(s)	🗀							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dat	PTO-413) e.						
B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 03/02/05.	5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		52)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Robichaux et al (6,513,493).

Robichaux et al discloses a control apparatus for an internal combustion engine having a variable valve mechanism capable of changing a valve (16,18) opening characteristic regarding an open state of an intake valve, and a throttle valve (14) capable of changing a negative pressure in an intake pipe, the control apparatus comprising: a controller (26) capable of controlling the valve (16,18) opening characteristic and a degree of opening of the throttle valve (14), the controller being adapted to control an amount of intake air taken into the internal combustion engine through **at least one of** the control of the valve opening characteristic and the control of the degree of opening of the throttle valve in accordance with an output (engine torque, engine speed, throttle position) that is requested of the internal combustion engine, wherein the controller is further **adapted to**, during a first operation state (figure 2) where the amount of intake air is controlled through the control of the valve (16,18) opening characteristic control, control the degree of opening of the throttle valve (14) within a range of the degree of opening of

the throttle valve that allows maintenance of an atmospheric pressure in the intake pipe under a condition that the valve opening characteristic is in a steady state (maintain constant torque, col. 10, II. 51-53) at least during the first operation state, while maintaining a continuity of the degree of opening of the throttle valve (14) during a period of switch between the first operation state and a second operation state where the amount of intake air is controlled through the control of the degree of opening of the throttle valve (14) only, see col. 10, II. 31-39.

Robichaux et al does not explicitly teach controlling the intake air through the control of the degree of opening of the throttle valve only when transitioning between two regions of control However, he teaches that after controlling the intake valve and the throttle valve, the intake valve control may be turned off (col. 10, ll. 36) which suggests that the intake air is controlled through the throttle valve only.

Therefore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of Robichaux et al by recognizing the control of intake air solely through the throttle valve when transitioning between two states. The motivation to do so would have been to provide smooth transitioning between engine operating regions.

With regard to claim 2, wherein the controller is further **adapted to** maintain the range of degree of opening of the throttle valve that causes presence of the atmospheric pressure in the intake pipe (manifold) during a transitional period during which the opening valve characteristic is changing.

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With regard to claim 3, wherein the variable valve mechanism comprises an electromagnetically-drive valve.

With regard to claim 4, Robichaux et al discloses a control apparatus for an internal combustion engine having a variable valve mechanism capable of changing a valve (16,18) opening characteristic regarding an open state of an intake valve, and a throttle valve (14) capable of changing a negative pressure in an intake pipe (12), the control apparatus comprising: a controller (26) capable of controlling the valve opening characteristic and a degree of opening of the throttle valve, the controller being adapted to control an amount of intake air taken into the internal combustion engine through at least one of the control of the valve opening characteristic and the control of the degree of opening of the throttle valve in accordance with an output that is requested of the internal combustion engine, wherein the controller is further adapted to, if a switch between an intake amount control through the control of the degree of opening of the throttle valve and an intake amount control through the control of the valve opening characteristic is requested, cause the requested switch after an output of the internal combustion engine based on a currently performed intake amount control has reached a steady state.

With regard to claim 5-13, the limitations are comparable to the above rejections of claims 1-4, and applicant is directed to the above rejections and figures 1-10 for further details.

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Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The references show intake air control systems.

4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mahmoud Gimie whose telephone number is 571-272-4841. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday between 7 a.m. -3:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Henry Yuen can be reached on 571-272-4856. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MG

MAHMOUD GIMIE PRIMARY EXAMINER